

THE CHELSEA HERALD

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 16.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY JULY 21, 1887.

NUMBER 46.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Table with columns for Space, Day, and Rate. Includes rates for 1 inch, 2 inches, 3 inches, 4 inches, 5 inches, 6 inches, 7 inches, 8 inches, 9 inches, 10 inches, 11 inches, 12 inches.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST.—Rev. T. Robinson, Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday school at 12 M.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL



The Niagara Falls Route. 90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

Table with columns for Train Name, Time, and Agent. Includes Mill Train, Grand Rapids Express, Evening Express, Night Express, Grand Rapids Express, and Mill Train.

MAILS CLOSE.

Table with columns for Going East, Going West, and Time. Includes times for 9:30 A.M., 4:40 P.M., and 7:30 P.M.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CITY BARBER SHOP. FRANK SHAVEL. Two doors west of Woods & Knapp's hardware store.

GEO. E. DAVIS—Resident Auctioneer of sixteen years experience, and second to none in the State.

NEW BARBER SHOP.

Call on Jas. S. Willsey the Tonsorial Artist for good work. Hair cutting and shaving a specialty.

RUPTURE!



EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS. Worn Day and Night, by an infant a week old, or an adult 80 years.

FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on Gilbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

NOTICE!!

If you want the cheapest and best farm, consisting of 187 Acres, for your money, call on J. M. Burchard.

FINE PRINTING

We are prepared to do all kinds of Plain and Fancy Job Printing, such as Posters, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Tickets, Programmes, Tags, Cards, Pamphlets, Receipts, etc., etc.

BARGAINS.

WE WOULD LIKE TO CLOSE THIS WEEK.

10 Gross of Fruit Jars at prices cheaper than the cheapest.

4 extra strong Rustic Chairs, cost \$3.50, will sell them at \$2.00 each.

3 fine Hanging Lamps, price was \$10, will sell them at \$5.00 each.

Large discount on Crockery and Glassware.

100 boxes of fine Stationery to close out at 10, 12, 15 and 20 cents per box.

169 yards of all Silk Lace, in black and cream, worth 45c per yd., to be closed at 15c per yd.

50 doz. ladies and children's black hose, we have marked 8, 10, 12, 15, and 20c. pair

Ladies and children's Muslin Underwear must be closed out.

F. W. DUNN & CO'S. Housekeepers' Bazaar.

MCKONE'S CORNER.

FORMER RECORDS

BROKEN.

THE LOWEST NOTCH.

THE LAST CALL.

Goods going out on double quick time. The fever spreading. The past week's business showed a crowded house in both Men's and Boys' departments.

The following are some of the cuts we have made: Some goods at less than half the former price, (by former price we mean the regular price they were sold for before this sale commenced), some goods at one-half the former price, some goods at one-third off, some goods at one-quarter off, etc. What Straw and Light colored Fur Hats that are left will be closed at one-third former price.

In short not an article in the house but what the price has been cut.

The sale will continue until August 1st.

We have a large stock now but we don't promise to have much of an assortment after two or three weeks, the way they are going.

J. T. JACOBS & CO.

Ann Arbor, July 14, 1887.

A great many strangers are seen on our streets daily.

A union meeting was held at the Baptist church last Sunday.

Miss H. Evans, of Bellevue, is visiting Miss Lyra M. Hatch.

Two Quart Fruit Jars \$1.20 per dozen. F. W. Dunn & Co.

Mrs. Wm. Dewey, of Harrisville, is visiting her parents here.

Now is the time to subscribe for the Chelsea Herald. \$1.00.

The coolest places in town last Sunday forenoon were the churches.

Seney Bros. of Lima, started their threshing machine yesterday.

Omnibuses make occasional trips between Chelsea and Cavanaugh Lake.

C. H. Wines has leased his farm and will move to Chelsea in the near future.

The wheat harvest is nearly over in this section, and is considered a light one.

Vegetable and flower gardens are suffering very much on account of drouth in this vicinity.

Jas. S. Wilsy, one of our village barbers, has got a new plug hat and is putting on city airs.

Mrs. Albert Harrington, of Grand Rapids, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Harrington.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Branch and son, of Brooklyn, N. Y., are the guests of S. J. Chase and family.

Geo. P. Glazier and sister, Mrs. Hill, and Roy Hill, are at Chebeaux Islands, north-east of Mackinaw.

Jas. L. Gilbert was home visiting his family last Tuesday. He is still on the road in the wool business.

We have a lot of sidewalks out of repair in this village. If our village "dada" don't see to them a once somebody will get hurt.

The plate glass fronts have all been put in the new brick block, and the plasterers are now busy. It will soon be ready for occupancy.

Died, Tuesday, July 19th, at her late residence in this village, after a long and lingering illness, Mrs. Curran White, aged about 74 years.

Mrs. F. G. Nelson has been very ill for the past two weeks with typhoid fever. She is now getting better and will soon be around again.

Those two young lovers who were leaning on the garden gate last Sunday eve at the residence of Mr. — of this village had better look out for grandpa.

Mrs. E. A. Avery and two of her family, of Grand Junction, Iowa, are here visiting J. M. Congdon and family. They intend to remain about a month.

Bro. Emmert, wife and son, of the Easton Rapids Herald, spent Sunday and Monday with friends here. He also made the Herald office a pleasant call.

All dogs without a muzzle on after the 1st of August will be relieved of their sweet life by the Marshal. We would advise the farmers to leave their dogs at home.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Sparks and son Burt, of Chelsea, spent Saturday last with friends in this city. They came to visit Mrs. Emmert who went to her home in Saline a few days previous.—Eaton Rapids Herald.

Kellogg's Columbian Oil is composed of vegetable products in a highly concentrated form, and acts directly on the Kineves. It cures Rheumatism, and all other aches and pains. For sale by Glazier, DePuy & Co.

A slight error occurred in last week's issue, in regard to an article on putting up bill boards on each side of the Town Hall door. Attention should have been called to the township board of Sylvan, instead of village board of Chelsea.

A medicine man, wife and son, amused the inhabitants of Chelsea last Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings, by giving open air concerts in their wagon. We think all the fools in Chelsea are not dead yet, as they will bite at flying straws. They took away about \$100 worth.

The attention of the village authorities is respectfully called to a great nuisance, which exists in our beautiful village. We refer to the practice of allowing low branches on our shade trees. Especially is it very annoying in rainy weather, when one has to use an umbrella. The branches are constantly in the way. We hope the proper authority will see that our trees are trimmed to a suitable height.

Last Friday at 10 o'clock a solemn requiem high mass was celebrated in St. Mary's church, for the happy repose of the soul of the late Mrs. John Considine. The Pastor of the church was celebrant, and was assisted by Rev. Father Buyse, Savage and McManus. A large congregation was present. The altars were beautifully draped, and the numerous lights made the scene very impressive. Mrs. Considine was held in high esteem by her many friends here, and her death is deeply regretted.

Died, at her late residence south-east of here, on the 11th inst., of spinal disease, Mrs. Slimmer, aged about 63 years. The funeral was held last Thursday at the Baptist church, and was largely attended by friends and relatives.

If you want to see a big building boom in Chelsea, organize a Building and Loan Association. Nothing will increase the boom more than an association of this kind. Our laboring men want homes and this is about the only way for them to be able to sleep under their own roof.

Grass Lake is talking about building a summer resort hotel, etc., on the island. John Jones, a gentleman from DeWitt, offers to put up \$10,000 worth of buildings and the enterprising citizens of the village will buy the island, a steamer will also be put on the lake.

We have made mention several times in the Herald about having an item box at foot of stairs. We wish to remind our friends that we are trying to get up a first-class local paper, and why not help us by putting a few items in the box, either personal or local, that may happen in your neighborhood? It is impossible for us to be everywhere. So think of it and do so.

Letter List. Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, for the week ended July 16, 1887:

Severance, Miss Froula Fenno, A. F. (2)

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

THOS. MCKONE, P. M.

H. S. HOLMES & CO

LOOK OUT FOR THE MANY

BARGAINS

WE SHALL OFFER DURING

JULY AND AUGUST.

300 Dozen Mason Fruit Jars

to be sold as follows:

Pints - - - 88 cts.

Quarts - - - \$1.00

2 Quarts - - - 1.25

People who realize what

Jars are worth will be sure

to take advantage of these

Prices while they last.

Respectfully,

H. S. HOLMES & CO.

KEMPF & SCHENK.

SPECIAL

July Sale

One lot Ladies Hose, 10 cents,

Former price, 11 to 15 cents.

One lot Ladies Gloves, 21 cents,

Former price 25 cents.

One lot Ladies Gloves, 59 cents,

Former price 75 cents.

White Goods marked clear down.

Crinkle Seersuck to Close.

Satins Cheap.

Muslin Underwear at Cost.

Clothing we will make great

reductions for this sale.

Be sure to see us this month.

KEMPF & SCHENK

Go to Glazier's Bank Drug Store for pure Paris Green.

Save money by buying Machine Oils at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

Go to Glazier's Bank Drug Store for Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware.

Go to Glazier's Bank Drug Store for Fly Paper, Insect Powder, Powder Guns, etc.

Save Money by buying your Paints Wall Paper and Dye stuffs at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

Best Machine Oils at Glazier's. Glazier, the Druggist, is showing the largest line of Watches in Washtenaw Co., comprising a complete assortment of

ROCKFORD, ELGIN, WALTHAM & SPRINGFIELD Movements.

Lowest Prices at Glazier's. Save money by buying all your Groceries, Paints, Wall Paper, Crockery, Drugs & Medicines at Glazier's.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE BY

Geo. F. Glazier's Loan and Real Estate Agency, Chelsea, Mich.

Farm No 4—100 acres, 8 miles from Chelsea, 1 1/2 miles from German Methodist church and 1/4 mile from church and blacksmith shop. 100 acres plow land under high state of cultivation, which has raised 45 bushels of wheat to the acre, about 15 acres of hard bottom, low, mowing meadow, with running stream of living water. 85 acres of timber and 10 acres chopped off. 1 1/2 acres of good grafted fruit—apples, cherries and small fruits. 2 excellent wells of water, a good wind mill enclosed. The house is frame 1 1/2 story, 18x24, wing and attic one story 18x24 with kitchen 14x24. A good frame barn 32x44 with sheds on three sides of it, corn crib, a workshop, wood house, separate from the dwelling and a building for a feed mill. Soil is a rich sandy loam, being burr oak, hickory, white oak and black walnut timber land. Surface level, sufficiently inclined to shed water. Buildings are all in good repair. The above place is one of the best and most productive in Washtenaw county, and has been held at \$15 per acre. The owner now proposes to sacrifice to go south, and will sell at \$25.50 per acre.

Farm No 5—236 acres, located 2 1/2 miles from Chelsea, on prominent road, in good neighborhood, near church and school house and blacksmith shop. 175 acres of plow land, 25 acres of timber, 20 acres good mowing marsh, 16 acres of low pasture with living stream of water through it. The northwest corner of this farm is the highest, gently sloping to southeast, protecting wheat from winter winds. It has a fine young orchard of grafted fruit just coming into bearing. The buildings are unusually good, consisting of a frame dwelling house, upright and wing each 18x20, two stories, kitchen 15x18, wood shed 15x20. A fine basement barn 36x50 with gambrel roof, built in 1855, also hog house and kettle room, corn crib, carriage house and workshop attached, hen house 16x20, tool shed, and 2 good wells. Sandy loam about buildings but most of farm is a clay loam and is a superior grain and stock farm in excellent condition. The owner was offered 1000 years ago, \$70 per acre, but will now sell at a sacrifice that he may remove to California. Price, \$60 per acre.

Farm No 6—160 acres, 6 1/2 miles N. W. of Chelsea, 3 1/2 miles from Gregory, 2 miles from Unadilla, 4 churches within 3 miles, on good road, excellent neighborhood, soil mostly sandy loam, remainder clay, surface level as desirable. 100 acres of plow land, producing excellent crops; 35 acres of good white oak, hickory and walnut timber; 25 acres of good mowing marsh, with good living stream of water through it; 3 acres of orchard; 2 good frame dwellings, a frame stock and hay barn, a grain barn and 3 good wells of water. This farm is nicely arranged to divide into 5 farms. Ill health is the cause of owner selling. Price \$50 per acre.

Farm No 14—280 acres, 2 1/2 miles east of Chelsea, 4 miles from Dexter village, 1 1/2 miles from German Methodist church, on prominent road, a large commodious frame house, pleasantly situated near a fine lake, a barn 36x56, also one 28x50, horse barn 30x36, corn barn 16x20, and other improvements, in good repair; 4 acres of orchard, 140 acres plow land, 60 acres good timber, 30 acres of mowing meadow, 50 acres of pasture and marsh. Strong gravelly loam soil, a good stock and sure crop farm. Price \$50 per acre.

Farm No 15—108 68-100 acres, situated 3 miles from Chelsea, near school, on good road, and in an excellent neighborhood of Eastern people. There is a frame dwelling house of 90 rooms (large and small), a frame barn 28x56, also a stock barn 100 feet long, wagon house 20x30, brick smoke house and fruit dryer, 2 good wells of excellent water, medium sized orchard, 80 acres of plow land, remainder good timber land. No waste land whatever. This is a superior located farm, under high state of cultivation. The owner desires to retire from active work and will sell for \$85 per acre.

Farm No 23—280 acres, 5 miles from Chelsea and 5 miles from Dexter. Large frame house near school house, barn 40x80 also one 30x20, 3 sheds 20x40 each, two wells, a windmill conducting water into house and barn, orchard with plenty of small fruits, and other improvements. 180 acres of plow land, 80 acres of timber and 80 acres of marsh. Soil, gravel and sandy loam. Very productive. A farm to make money both in cropping and as an investment.

Wanted.—A small and good farm of 20 to 40 acres of land, worth \$1,000 to \$1,500, by a customer of this Agency. Who offers for sale a place of that description?

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

The Newfoundland fisheries have this year been the most successful ever known.

In the past few days 353 new money-order offices were established. Total of this class, 7,858.

The total receipts from General Grant's memoirs are said to have reached the sum of \$3,000,000.

The Empress of Japan, accompanied by a retinue of twenty persons, will visit the United States in October.

The St. Paul and Northern Pacific Company has already incurred obligations for \$275,000,000.

Edison says he has spent over \$2,000,000 in electrical experiments. He is now experimenting with submarine signaling.

The population of New York City, according to the new city directory, is 1,600,000. There are 2,300 Smiths, 1,600 Browns and 900 Jones enrolled.

Three months ago "the peach crop of Delaware" was posted as an "entire failure." The other day statistics showed that owners of the Delaware peach orchards had ordered 1,500,000 baskets.

INDIAN RIVER, Fla., is claimed to be the straightest river in the world. A straight line, it is said, can be drawn through this water-course for seventy-five miles without touching either shore.

MEER BARBOUR ALLY, a Hindu resident of San Francisco, has filed a declaration of his intention to become a citizen of the United States. He is the first of his race who, so far as is known, has ever done so.

It is said that some trickster inserted the letter "s" into a bill pending in the last Illinois Legislature, and if the trick had not been discovered it would have been illegal to sell "spoils" on the race tracks in the State.

The newspapers of the country maintain about 125 regular correspondents at Washington. The salaries of chiefs of bureaus range from \$2,000 upward.

Charles Nordhoff, of the New York Herald, is the best paid, at \$12,000 a year.

The rapidity with which a railroad builds up a section of country is demonstrated in the fact that there are now eleven towns on the Los Angeles and San Gabriel Valley railroad, in Southern California, not one of which existed three months ago.

The Buffalo Express tells of a ten-year-old boy in that city who was given five dollars by his father with which to buy himself a pair of shoes, a hat and some fire-works.

The Metropolitan storage warehouse in New York was burned on the 16th. Loss, \$3,000,000.

A Pittsburgh iron-works worth \$150,000 was destroyed on the 17th, throwing two hundred men out of work.

Mrs. WILLIAM DAUGHERTY, of Apollo, Pa., Mrs. Moshen, of McDonald, same State, and five women residing in Pittsburgh, lighted their fires with kerosene oil on the 16th, and were all burned to death.

While President Cleveland and party were returning from Clayton to Alder Creek, N. Y., on the 16th, one of the horses of the train broke, wrecking the locomotive and killing the engineer. The President's party escaped unhurt.

Within the last twelve months the total membership of the Knights of Labor has decreased 25 per cent.

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WEST AND SOUTH. GOVERNOR MARTIN, of Kansas, on the 13th emphatically denied that Atchison, in that State, had been bankrupted by the closing of the saloons.

The Hon. J. E. Cowan, Supreme Keeper of Record and Seal of the Knights of Pythias, occurred on the 14th, at St. Louis on the 14th, at the age of fifty-seven years.

At Columbia, D. T., during a terrific hail storm on the 15th, several heads of stock were killed by lightning. A court-house was injured and many wheat fields were stripped.

RESOLUTIONS expressing unalterable opposition to the admission of Dakota as a State on the seventh instant parallel, were adopted by a convention of divisionists at Huron, D. T., on the 14th.

In Kansas City, Mo., eight fatal casualties and one murder occurred on the 14th. A CLOUD-BURST at Nogales, A. T., badly damaged property on the 14th. In Sonora, Mex., a few miles distant, a number of houses were washed away and one child was drowned.

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At the State convention of Iowa Prohibitionists held at Des Moines on the 14th a full ticket was nominated. V. G. Farnham, of Plymouth County, being chosen separate political candidate for governor.

At the liquor traffic, advocates more stringent amendments of the present prohibitive law; demands a reduction of passenger rates to two cents a mile; approves women's suffrage and favors the establishment of postal savings banks.

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INTERESTING NEWS COMPILATION.

FROM WASHINGTON.

DECEASED. The death of one of the executors of the estate of the late John D. Rockefeller, who died on the 15th, is reported.

JOSEPH C. KENNEDY, an old and prominent resident of Washington, was murdered in a public park of that city on the 15th by John Daily, a laborer, who claimed that he committed the crime to avenge an injury done his father by Kennedy many years ago.

The Treasury Department has decided that there is no violation in the Contract Labor law to prevent American citizens who may reside in Canada from engaging in labor in the United States.

During the seven days ended on the 15th there were 149 business failures in the United States against 138 the previous seven days.

ESTIMATES made on the 15th place the iron ore production this year one million tons in excess of the output for 1886.

At the Signal Office in Washington reports received on the 15th and 16th indicate that the very worst ones of unusual heat in all parts of the United States lying east of the Mississippi and south of the lakes, the thermometer throughout the entire region registering 90 degrees or more.

The record in Chicago was 100 degrees on the 15th, in Cincinnati 101, in St. Louis 108, in Washington 102, in New York 101, in Des Moines 102, in Philadelphia 102, in Indianapolis 109. There were 75 deaths from sun-stroke in Chicago on the 16th and 17th, in Cincinnati, 4 in Milwaukee, 15 in St. Louis, 14 in Philadelphia, and numerous cases in many other places.

During the week ended on the 16th the exchanges at twenty-six leading clearing-houses in the United States aggregated \$150,738,024, against \$133,323,323 the previous week. As compared with the corresponding week of 1884, the increase amounts to 13.5 per cent.

THE EAST. It was stated on the 14th that Joseph M. White, cashier of the Philadelphia Times for about ten years, was a defaulter to the amount of at least \$20,000.

The Sons of Temperance, at their convention on the 14th at Boston, voted unanimously for a prohibition amendment to the National constitution.

JACOB SHARP, the aged New York briber of aldermen, was on the 14th sentenced by Judge Barrett to four years imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$5,000. A stay of proceedings was granted.

VICE-PRESIDENT A. B. HILL ascended the platform in the New York Stock Exchange on the 15th to announce the death of M. E. De Rivas, when he was taken suddenly ill, and expired in a few moments.

Fires occurred on the 15th as follows: At Edville, N. Y., the Lawrence cement works, loss \$140,000; at Philadelphia, the Bergdall Company's brewery, loss \$115,000; at Lewiston, Me., in the ship-building yards, loss \$120,000.

Mrs. CATHERINE VAN EREN SEAMAN, who died on the 15th in the Presbyterian Home for Aged Women at New York, was 103 years old.

The fire which has been burning in the Standard mine at Mt. Pleasant, Pa., since a year, was extinguished on the 15th after the destruction of property worth \$100,000.

With the winnings of the week ended on the 16th the standing of the base-ball clubs in the National League is as follows: Detroit (games won), 41; Chicago, 37; Boston, 37; New York, 34; Philadelphia, 31; Washington, 23; Pittsburgh, 23; Indianapolis, 18.

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AN APPALLING RECORD.

Hundred's Fall Victims to Old So's Rage.

Chicago the thermometer marked 95 degrees above zero in the shade; in Cincinnati there were twelve cases of sun-stroke (four fatal), three fatal cases in Pittsburgh and two at Cleveland. In portions of Ohio and Indiana the mercury reached 104 above.

Mrs. JOHN A. LOGAN, while out enjoying a carriage ride at Carbondale, Ill., on the 15th, was thrown over an embankment and seriously but not dangerously injured.

Freight trains collided near Lincoln, Neb., on the 15th, and in the fire which followed a bridge, two engines and thirteen cars loaded with cattle were burned. Loss, \$300,000.

The 15th destroyed at Baltimore, Md., the Hominy mill and Gambrell Manufacturing Company's works, loss \$25,000, and the entire business portion of Plymouth, Wis., loss, \$5,000.

JAMES NELSON, of St. Paul, Minn., affirmed the right of an Indian half-breed to claim the benefits of the jurisdiction of a Federal court on the 15th. This was the first decision of the kind on record.

Mrs. RECORD, the twenty-six-year-old wife of William Record, of Terre Haute, Ind., took a fatal dose of poison on the 16th and died on the 17th. Her husband shot himself dead. No cause was known.

AN explosion of molten metal on the 16th in the Bridgeport steel-works at Chicago fatally injured three workmen.

HENRY HALLSTROM, of Crystal Falls, Mich., while cleaning his gun on the 15th accidentally shot and killed his wife. He was nearly crazy over the accident.

Near Detroit, on the 16th, the City of Mackinac ran over and wrecked a row-boat in which were Christopher Nicholas and wife, Jacob Rohler and Jacob Bachmann, all of Detroit, and all four were drowned.

JOHN THOMAS, a brutal negro who had outraged a white girl eleven years old, named Elsie Turner, was unceremoniously taken from the court-room at Union City, N. J., on the 16th by an indignant populace and lynched.

A cyclone swept the town of Waupaca, Wis., on the 16th, wrecked the opera-house, the Episcopal church, unroofed two hotels and did other damage.

At Union, Neb., James Kuhn, a farmer, was lynched on the 16th by the mob of Henry Sallam, a neighboring farmer.

A SALOON at Fairmont, Ind., but recently fitted up and completed, was blown up by dynamite on the 16th.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

The steamship Australia arrived at San Francisco on the 15th, bringing Honolulu advices to July 5. Tranquility had been restored on the islands.

FERNAND BARRILAS, of Guatemala, had, according to reports on the 13th, been expelled from the country and had for some time assumed full control of the country and suspending the action of the constitution.

The oil and paint manufacturing firm of McQuay, Legie & Co., at Montreal, failed on the 15th, leaving a loss of \$250,000.

The British commission appointed to investigate M. Pasteur's treatment of hydrophobia reported favorably on the 14th.

By the recent gunpowder explosion at Massachusetts, advices of the 14th say that ten Italian settlers were killed and seventy injured and \$200,000 worth of property destroyed.

LORD RANDOLPH CHERCHILL, caused quite a stir in the British House of Commons on the 14th by making a fierce onslaught upon the leading features of the Irish Land bill. He declared that in its present form it would be an injury instead of a benefit to the tenants, and advocated a general recasting of the measure.

HENRY KRUPE, the world famous gun-maker of Essex, England, expired on the 14th. He was born in 1831, and had for many years controlled the largest industrial establishment in the world operated as an individual enterprise.

A CYCLONE in passing over Quebec, Can., on the 14th caused considerable damage to trees, chimneys and fruit crops.

At St. Thomas, Ont., an excursion train on the London & Port Stanley railway was run into on the evening of the 15th by a Canada Southern freight train. The wreck took place at a crossing, and several persons were killed and many others injured. The loss to property was great.

The Amero's forces were reported on the 14th to have won a great victory over the Indians near Guzman. They captured a large number of prisoners and sent the heads of two hundred of the slain to Cabul.

At Montreal, Can., St. Lawrence sugar refinery burned on the 15th causing a loss of \$300,000.

FURTHER advices of the 17th say that fully one hundred persons were injured in the recent horrible railroad accident at St. Thomas, Ont., and the number of killed was placed at twelve.

At Cairo, Egypt, an earthquake shook on the 17th damaged all the monuments in that city and killed one man and severely injured several other persons.

LATER.

FURTHER reports show that in Chicago during the two days ended on the 17th the number of persons sun-struck and overcome by heat was 198, and of those 137 were fatal and 19 were dying. The cool wave of the 18th in Chicago and adjacent towns was not general. At St. Louis the thermometer registered 104 (with 31 deaths), at Cincinnati 100 (with 30 sun-stroke), at Indianapolis 100, at Louisville 100, at Richmond 106, at Baltimore 102, and at Washington 110. The number of fatal cases of sun-stroke in each of these cities and in many other places was large.

Near Detroit on the 15th the steamer Ariel ran down a boat containing five persons, all of whom were drowned.

The striped locust had appeared in the vicinity of Palmyra, Wis., on the 15th, was doing great damage to vegetables.

THE drought, which was getting serious for the corn crop of Southwestern Michigan, was partially relieved by copious showers on the 18th in some parts, but others still suffered for rain. In portions of Iowa no rain had fallen since the 1st of May.

FIVE men were fatally burned by lightning on the 18th near Sheridan, Pa.

A WIND-STORM on the 18th in Sullivan County, Ind., uprooted trees, damaged a few houses and carried off wheat and hay stacks.

Is a quarrel on the 18th at Louisville, Ky., Willie Augustus, aged twenty years, fatally stabbed Robert Bechum, aged nine years.

It was stated on the 18th that plans for the organization of women and girls in the trade unions were being quietly perfected at Boston.

ELEVEN children, victims of the excessive heat, were buried on the 15th at Rockford, Ill.

At Urbana, Ill., a fire on the 15th at Maria, at Urbana, Ill., the Italian estate. Its greatest length is about twenty-three miles and it varies in breadth from three to eight miles, having an area making Santa Catalina of the island of the South Sea the largest of the world.

At West Richmond, O., on the 18th Charles Woodruff, a farmer, was killed by lightning. His wife discovered the body and cut it up. She then fell in a faint, never rallied, and died soon afterward.

In Catania, Sicily, there were forty-two new cases of cholera on the 18th and twenty-five on the 19th.

DAVID I. WIGHTMAN, secretary of the Cleveland Humane Society and well-known philanthropist, died at Cleveland on the 18th, aged seventy-five years.

The Arizona Lumber Company's plant at Flagstaff was entirely destroyed by fire on the 15th, with a loss of \$200,000.

At the peach orchard, near Dyer's Landing, Ind., Lewis Little and Rollo Baird were instantly killed on the 15th. Channoy Baird and Richard Moore were injured by the break-up of a cableway which was attached a car on an incline railway in which they were descending.

AN APPALLING RECORD.

Hundred's Fall Victims to Old So's Rage.

Chicago the thermometer marked 95 degrees above zero in the shade; in Cincinnati there were twelve cases of sun-stroke (four fatal), three fatal cases in Pittsburgh and two at Cleveland. In portions of Ohio and Indiana the mercury reached 104 above.

Mrs. JOHN A. LOGAN, while out enjoying a carriage ride at Carbondale, Ill., on the 15th, was thrown over an embankment and seriously but not dangerously injured.

Freight trains collided near Lincoln, Neb., on the 15th, and in the fire which followed a bridge, two engines and thirteen cars loaded with cattle were burned. Loss, \$300,000.

The 15th destroyed at Baltimore, Md., the Hominy mill and Gambrell Manufacturing Company's works, loss \$25,000, and the entire business portion of Plymouth, Wis., loss, \$5,000.

JAMES NELSON, of St. Paul, Minn., affirmed the right of an Indian half-breed to claim the benefits of the jurisdiction of a Federal court on the 15th. This was the first decision of the kind on record.

Mrs. RECORD, the twenty-six-year-old wife of William Record, of Terre Haute, Ind., took a fatal dose of poison on the 16th and died on the 17th. Her husband shot himself dead. No cause was known.

AN explosion of molten metal on the 16th in the Bridgeport steel-works at Chicago fatally injured three workmen.

HENRY HALLSTROM, of Crystal Falls, Mich., while cleaning his gun on the 15th accidentally shot and killed his wife. He was nearly crazy over the accident.

Near Detroit, on the 16th, the City of Mackinac ran over and wrecked a row-boat in which were Christopher Nicholas and wife, Jacob Rohler and Jacob Bachmann, all of Detroit, and all four were drowned.

JOHN THOMAS, a brutal negro who had outraged a white girl eleven years old, named Elsie Turner, was unceremoniously taken from the court-room at Union City, N. J., on the 16th by an indignant populace and lynched.

A SALOON at Fairmont, Ind., but recently fitted up and completed, was blown up by dynamite on the 16th.

THE HEAT ELSEWHERE.

CINCINNATI, July 19.—Seventy-one prostrations from the heat were reported to police yesterday, of which twenty-one were fatal. The total number of deaths reported was about 300, and this does not include the sunstrokes, on which cases inquests are to be held. The great mortality is among infants, although every age and condition, with every imaginable ailment, was lincned on the 18th.

SATURDAY, July 19, the official death record of the health department shows a startling total of 488.

The change of temperature yesterday saved thousands of lives, for had the day been as hot as the previous the people would have dropped off like leaves in autumn.

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When all is said—when all our words
Of love and pleasure, one by one,
Have wings and down like birds
And fly to the Southern sun—

When all is said, when all our words
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NOT AN HEIRESS.

The Story of Miss Dickson's Legacy.

"Yes," said Miss Dickson; "I think
now that I can afford to see a little of
the world. I've always been tucked
down in a cheap boarding-house, doing
embroidery on the sly for the fancy
stores and keeping up a great appear-
ance on a very slim foundation, and
I'm tired of this sort of business. Now
I can expand into a lady!"

Old Aunt Zerahiah Dodd, down in
New Jersey, had been so long in dying
as if she were a blood relation to the
Wandering Jew; but the unavoidable
moment had come at last, and she had
paid Nature's debt unwillingly enough,
and Miss Dickson was to be her heir.

"There must be a hundred thousand
dollars at least," said Miss Dickson.
"Good land of liberty! and up to this
I've been counting my pennies and
trying to make both ends meet, to
keep out of the poor-house. It don't
seem possible!—What a world this is!"

Mary Ann Dickson, usually called
"Aunt Polly," looked at herself in the
glass. She was not a beauty, and it
was very plain that she never could be
one; but there were possibilities that
she might be what was called "stylish,"
and that was the next best thing.

Just about this time her niece, Mary
Ann, came up from the old farm and,
as was natural enough, proceeded
straight to Aunt Polly's boarding-house
for a refuge.

Aunt Polly regarded her rather sorn-
ly.
"What brings you here, child? And
now, of all times in the world?" she
said.

"Grandfather is dead," explained the
child, timidly, "and the old house is
sold, and I had nowhere else to go; and
the neighbors said there would be lots
of ways for a strong girl like me to
earn her living in New York."

"The neighbors, indeed!" sputtered
Miss Dickson. "I wish the neighbors
would mind their own business. What
on earth am I to do with a great girl
like you?"

Little Mary Ann burst into tears.
"Oh, my sory I came!" said she.
"I'm sory I came! But, you know,
you have spent three summers at Apple
Farm, and you always said you would
be glad to see me when I came to the
city."

Miss Dickson made a grimace.
"What can't be cured must be en-
dured," said she. "And I suppose
you'll have to stay. But, mind, child,
no 'Aunt Polly-ing' me. I am Miss
Dickson now—and you are my maid."

"Your maid, Aunt—I mean, Miss
Dickson?"
"Yes," nodded Miss Dickson. "You
expect to have to work for a living,
don't you?"

"Oh, yes; but—"
"There are no buts," imperiously in-
terposed Miss Dickson. "Do you sup-
pose I can support you in idleness? I
wonder at the impudence of some
folks."

"I am willing to work," sobbed little
Mary Ann.
"Of course I shall not pay you any
wages. Nobody in their senses would
expect that, when you're just out of the
backwoods, and will have to be taught
everything. If there is any question
of money, it is I that ought to be paid,
I think. But you'll have your board
and clothes—there will be always
enough of my old goods to keep you
looking respectable. And, as I'm go-
ing to travel, you will see the world,
with no expense to yourself."

"To travel?" repeated the girl.
Miss Dickson nodded.
"I'm going to inherit a little money,"
said she, vaguely. "It would not do to
tell Mary Ann how much, lest, in her
ignorance of the world, the child should
imagine that her relative could be more
generous with her—and I've decided
to visit Saratoga and Lake George, and
all those places. And of course I shall
need a maid, so you see you can be of
service. As a servant you'll get board
at half price, and not cost me so much;
and I dare say I can teach you to be
very handy."

Mary Ann turned scarlet.
"When you came to Maple Farm,"
said she, "we didn't see you to wash
dishes and feeding the pigs. We
were glad to see you; we gave you the
best in the house, and made you wel-
come."

"Oh!" said Miss Dickson.
"And I'm obliged to you, all the
same," cried Mary Ann, incoherently;
"but I'd rather not be hired maid at
half-price board to my own aunt. It
isn't money or second-hand clothes I
need so much, though I'm poor and
friendless enough, Heaven knows! but
it's some one to be kind to me. And
you always made as if you were very
fond of me when you came to Apple
Farm."

"Things have changed since then,"
exclaimed Miss Dickson, in a towering
passion.
"So have you, indeed," said Mary Ann.
"Go home, Aunt Polly. I dare say

I shall find honest work somewhere.

If not, it won't be for lack of trying."
And Mary Ann took the next train
back to Deep Gorge, to pour out her
sorrows into the sympathetic ear of
Mrs. Pollard, the minister's wife, who
had always been her kindest ally.

"Mother," said Reuben Pollard, "I
can't stand little Mary Ann's tears. I
know I'm not rich; I've only twelve
dollars a week; but, living as we do,
that's enough to meet our simple ex-
penses. And I am twenty, and Mary
Ann is seventeen; but we are both old
enough to know our own minds. I
love Mary Ann, mother, and I am go-
ing to tell her so."

"And I can't find it in my heart to
blame you, Reuben," said Mrs. Pollard,
her own eyes sparkling through a cer-
tain suspicious mist. "You'll have to
wait awhile, my son, until you've
earned enough to furnish a little room
for her; but, in the meanwhile, she is
welcome to a home in the parsonage."

Miss Dickson—the New York Miss
Dickson, with the high cheek bones,
the thin, sandy hair, and the receding
chin, not the Apple Farm Miss Dick-
son, with the blue eyes, the pink and
white complexion, and the ripe cherry
of a mouth—was giving audience to
her dressmaker, a few days subsequent-
ly, when the boarding-house maid-of-
all-work brought in a letter, held, maid-
of-all-work fashion, in the corner of
her apron.

"Nora!" said Miss Dickson, raising
both her hands despairingly, "will you
never learn that the letters should be
brought in on the little brass tray?"
She took the letter, nevertheless,
from Nora's grimy fingers, and care-
lessly tore open its envelope.

"It's from Mr. Capson, the New Jer-
sey lawyer who had charge of Aunt
Zerahiah Dodd's affairs," she thought.
"Now I shall know, from real official
sources, exactly how much I am worth."

A thrill of triumph went through
her heart as she prepared to peruse
this welcome epistle:
"MY DEAR MISS DICKSON," it read, "I
have recently learned, to my great regret,
that you have been informally notified,
through the letters of the deceased, that
you are the heiress of Miss Zerahiah
Dodd, my late client, who is recently de-
ceased, and who has left you a sum of
ninety thousand dollars, chiefly in Govern-
ment bonds and a mortgage on real estate
investments. This is an entirely gratui-
tous assumption on your part. The money
was bequeathed to a Mary Ann Dickson; it is true; but it was
Mary Ann Dickson, the late Zerahiah
Dodd's daughter, who is dead, and not, as
you may have been allowed erroneously to
suppose, to yourself."

"I hope that your expectations have not
been unduly raised by foundationless rum-
ors. I remain,
Very truly yours,
"CHARLES CAPSON."

The letter dropped from Miss Dick-
son's nerveless hand.
"And I am not an heiress, after all!"
she thought. "I am just as poor as I
was before, and here are all the dresses
ordered, the most expensive mourning
to be got in New York! And nobody
can tell what Miss Bibbington's bill
will be. Dressmakers are perfectly
conscienceless."

And Miss Dickson burst into a shower
of hysterical tears.
She spent the next summer in her hot
back room in the cheap boarding-house,
with an outlook on tin roofs and smoke-
blackened chimneys. She could not
carry out the Saratoga and Lake
George programmes, and she had not
the face to propose a visit to Apple
Farm.

"Though," she said to herself, "I am
told that little Mary Ann has bought
back the old place and fitted it up
beautifully, and is living there with
the young man she has married—Mr.
Pollard—a regular fortune hunter, I've
no doubt in the world!"

But, in the intense self-absorption of
her nature, Miss Dickson never could
be made to understand the sort of af-
fection which existed between Reuben
Pollard and his young wife—a link
which Aunt Zerahiah's ninety thousand
dollars could neither make nor mar.—
N. Y. Ledger.

BARON VON STEUBEN.

A German Soldier who Rendered Great
Service to the Revolutionary Army.

Frederick William Augustus Steu-
ben, Baron, eminent in the service to
the American cause, at a time when it
needed help from such as he, died near
Utica, N. Y., at the age of sixty-four
years. Deep affection for every true
American is his due, for the order and
skill in which he brought the American
forces in their great exigency. Like
many other foreigners he left home
and wealth for the privilege of fight-
ing for the American cause. He was
born at Madgeburg, Prussia, Novem-
ber 15, 1730, and received a good edu-
cation. He entered the military ser-
vice and soon rose to a position near
the King, the Frederick William. He
ranked high in the military and court
circles of Europe, because of the repu-
tation he had made in the seven years'
war. He was not obliged to leave his
country but came voluntarily, and upon
arrival offered his services to Con-
gress. He was placed with the army
at Valley Forge and at once intro-
duced the Prussian drill by adapting it
to the American troops. In the
brilliant campaign which followed his
influence was felt. He wrote a book
on military science, in French, at the
solicitation of Washington and Con-
gress. He could not use the English
language. It was translated and was
the only book of the kind accessible to
the American soldiers during the revo-
lution. He ultimately became a Ma-
jor-General and his services can never
be over-estimated. He was a fervent
Christian, but was possessed of a quick
temper, which would manifest itself
when he undertook to deal with raw
troops. He, however, gained the good
will of the soldier, and would often re-
peat the apt scholar out of his own
pocket. His life was full of noble and
generous acts, and his fortune dwine-
dled away through kindness of heart.

In 1790 he was voted by Congress an
annuity of \$2,500 for life, and land
from several States, including 16,000
acres from New York. He retired to
a log house on the latter and freely
settled some of his old army acquaint-
ances upon the land, which he pre-
sented to them. His last years were
spent in comparative quiet.—*Toledo
Blade.*

Manufactured mildew appears upon
some of the artificial mosses and flow-
ers sent from Paris.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

The Detroit grain and produce quoti-
ons are: Wheat—No. 1 White, \$4.65; No. 2
Red, 75¢; Flour—Roller process, \$4.00; 64.25; patents, \$4.75; 65.00.
Corn—No. 2, 35¢; Oats—No. 2, 20¢; 20.50.
Butter—Creamery, 18¢; Cheese, 9¢
9 1/2¢ Eggs, 14¢.

John Mace, a shoe-maker, died the other
afternoon of delirium tremens at Grand
Rapids.

Bay City has organized a new \$100,000
savings bank, with W. O. Clift for cash-
ier.

Charles Beagle, of Big Creek township,
Osceola County, is one of the happiest men
in Michigan. The other day he went to
the depot nearest his home and there met
his sweetheart, who had traveled alone
from Germany to meet her Charles, and a
few hours they were married.

Rev. C. T. Allen, of Pontiac, in one day
recently married four couples, baptized a
child and conducted a funeral service.

Tuscola County will produce more than
an average crop of wheat this year.

The boom company at Menominee is as-
suming as high as 4,000,000 feet of logs
daily, and the mills are cutting them at
the rate of 3,000,000 feet per day.

Charles Hubbard, of Port Huron, aged
eight years, while playing ball a few days
ago was struck on the nose by a batted
ball and gradually died.

The Bay View (Emmet County) Assem-
bly will commence July 1st and continue
for two weeks. The assembly is an ag-
gregation of popular schools in art, music,
cooking, elocution, a teacher's institute,
minister's school, children's meetings,
Sunday-school normal classes, etc., each
in charge of specialists. These schools
are attended by hundreds of en-
thusiastic people and the department
work is varied by daily concerts, lectures,
enjoyable readings, evening concerts on
the bay, etc. The railways have greatly
reduced their fare during the assembly
season. Full particulars will be furnished
by applying to John M. Hall, the superin-
tendent, at Flint.

During the month of June diphtheria
was reported at thirty-nine places in the
State, scarlet fever at forty-two, typhoid
fever at twelve, measles at thirty-six, and
small-pox and typhus fever each at one
place.

The Secretary of State recently fur-
nished the following statement of wheat
acreage and yield: Area in wheat in the
southern counties, 1,414,830 acres; in the
central counties, 2,037,719 acres; and in the
northern counties, 34,994 acres. Corre-
sponding estimates of yield per acre in the
southern counties at 13 bushels, in the
central counties at 15 bushels, and in the
northern counties at 14 1/2 bushels. These
estimates prove substantially ac-
curate; the total yield in the State will be
about 21,000,000 bushels.

The Michigan Scoop Company of Battle
Creek has recently sent bill of goods to
Christiana, Norway, Stockholm, Sweden
and Copenhagen.

A Swede working on the schooner P. E.
Gilmors at Marquette last a hand the other
morning by having a coal bucket lowered
on it while unloading.

Gold was found west of Ishpeming a few
days ago on lands of the Lake Superior
Iron Company. Specimens shown are very
rich, showing fine gold in immense quan-
tities. The big find had created intense
excitement throughout the mining dis-
tricts.

Seth Nickerson, of Cheboygan, fell into
the river off a log-raft a few days ago and
was drowned.

Miss Carrie Williams, of Detroit, has be-
gun a suit against Frank N. Tomlinson,
photographer, for \$10,000 damages. It is
claimed that some time ago Miss Williams,
who is well known as an amateur actress,
sat for a vignette portrait to Mr. Tomlinson,
and that afterwards he sold the negative
to the Acma chemist works. They used
the picture on bottles of cosmetics. Mr.
Tomlinson denies the charge that he sold
the negative.

The Supreme Court has ordered the
Board of Supervisors of Branch County to
pay the account rendered by parties in
Quincy for property destroyed by order of
the Board of Health of that township.

Recent statistics show that there are
now in Detroit 35,569 families. On the
basis of 5.05 persons to each house this
makes Detroit's population 181,052.

Mrs. William Simpel, of Port Sherman,
Muskegon County, was taken with a fit
the other morning, and falling with her
face in the soft sand in the yard she
smothered to death before she was discov-
ered. She was seventeen years of age and
married but three months.

William H. Hendricks, an old and re-
spected citizen of L'Anse, Baraga County,
shot himself dead a few days ago. No
cause was assigned for the deed.

During the past year 5,193 persons have
lodged in Michigan jails.

Reports to the State Board of Health by
sixty-four observers in different parts of
the State for the week ended on the 9th
indicated that typhoid, inflammation of
the kidneys, diarrhoea, cholera infantum,
cholera morbus, remittent fever, measles
increased, and intermittent fever and
rheumatism decreased in area of
prevalence. Diphtheria was reported at
seventeen places, scarlet fever at ten,
typhoid fever at five and measles at five
places.

Ampers' mill at Kalamazoo was
burned a few nights ago. The mill was
not in use and was destroyed by an incon-
dinary loss, \$5,000, no insurance.

Sneak-thieves raided the Chippewa
House at Sault Ste. Marie the other night
and secured \$1,000 worth of property.

Joseph Seions, aged eighty years, fell
from a wagon in Jackson the other after-
noon and broke his neck. He was a rag
buyer and without relatives.

Patrick J. Clair, who figured largely as
a leader of a strike in Detroit last year,
was arrested a few days ago and jailed for
non-support of his family.

Sault Ste. Marie has established a real-
estate review, and will have an electric
street-railway and sewerage system.

Mrs. A. Mallory, of Moscow, Hillsdale
County, has lived on the farm which is
now her home for exactly fifty years.

Hon. E. W. Van Dusen, an old-time Dem-
ocratic leader in Central Michigan, died at
Augusta, Kalamazoo County, a few days
ago, aged seventy-one years.

Keming & Co.'s machine shop and
foundry and adjoining warehouse de-
stroyed by fire recently. Loss, \$35,000.
Stray unknown.

Charles Hong Kee, of Battle Creek, sent
to China for his fireworks. They arrived
one day late, but he fired them off "with
a bang."

George Stoneham, an Indian, was in-
stantly killed near Sweet's station, Mus-
kegon County, the other night. He was
killed on the track and a train ran over
him.

A FEW BIRD STORIES.

Some Choice morsels for Lovers of Kind
Nature's Pet Children.

A swallow flew against a Philadelphia
boy's face, drove his beak through his
teeth, and it now occupies a cage as a
pet.

A correspondent of the London Field
has seen a robin's nest built in a
tea-kettle, and a tom-tit's nest in a letter-
box, and now lives in a pigeon building in
a rabbit burrow.

A pair of swallows have built a nest in
one of the electric lights of Oshkosh, Wis.,
and have hatched six young ones. The
nest is directly under the bow light, is
placed on a light, and but a few inches
from the light.

A canary lost its voice and a tumor as
large as a pea was found growing at the
root of the bird's tongue. The bird was
chloroformed, the tumor was cut away,
and the canary now sings as well as ever.

Three little Hummers (G.) man broke
up the nest of a quince hen that seemed
determined to sit. The last time she delib-
erately walked to a well, flew up to the
curbing, and plunged head first into the
deep waters below. When got out she was
dead.

John Ellis, of Williamsport, Pa., has a
very intelligent crow. Whenever he sees
the dog digging he sneaks up behind him
and grabs his tail. The dog wheels around,
when the crow snatches up the coveted
food and is instantly out of reach.

John Gibson, of Roberts Island, Cal.,
shot a wild dove, which dropped in the
grain near his house. Seeing something
larger when it fell, he blew away again
and killed his thirteen-year-old boy.

The catbird, just before dining upon
your rice cherries, perches himself upon
an emulsion in the neighborhood, and
then you are treated to a comic opera of
over half an hour's length. His melody at
such times is very pleasing.

A nest of the golden-winged woodpecker
was recently found, which were fifteen
young ones in good condition. Their
nest is a hole dug in a dead tree, in which
as many as thirty-five eggs have been found.
Sportsmen and great numbers of these
birds feeding on dogwood berries in the
fall. The striking colors of its feathers
have made them a favorite ornament for
hats.

A pet blackbird in its cage was placed in
an open window of a New Jersey resi-
dence last summer, when a wild black-
bird flew down to it, looked in at the
prisoner, and then flew away. He soon
returned, bearing a worm in his beak. This
act of friendship was repeated many times
during the season. Recently the cage was
hung up in the same place, and had not
been there more than half an hour before
the same wild blackbird came flying down
to his old friend.

Experiments are believed to show
that aseptic, or orthopen-sulphate,
is destined to take the place of car-
bolic acid as a disinfectant and anti-
septic. It is a syrupy, brown fluid of
aromatic odor, and soluble in alcohol,
glycerine and water, and is not irritat-
ing in as strong as ten per cent.
solutions. As an antiseptic it is said
to equal carbolic acid, while possess-
ing also the advantage of pleasant or-
dor, more solubility, etc.

In passing upon a bequest of \$20,-
000 for young women who might wish
to aid marry, a French judge decided
that "young" as applied to a woman,
meant any where "between twenty-one
and thirty."

How to Select a Wife.

Good health, good morals, good sense and
good temper are the four essentials for a
good wife. These are the indispensable.

After them come the minor advantages of
good looks, good temper, family posi-
tion, etc. With the first four, married life
will be comfortable and happy. Lacking
either, it will be in more or less degree a
failure, and the health of the family will
suffer. The physician, ignorant of the great
good temper and good looks, and the great
good sense also, as the best mind must
be affected more or less by the weakness
and the heart-disease of the husband. The
man, if his wife is falling into state of
invalidism, first of all things try to restore
her health. If she is troubled with debili-
tating headache, buy Dr. Pierce's
Favorite Prescription. It will cure her.

In base-ball playing the pitcher contains
the cream of the players.—*Burlington Free
Press.*

My complexion made Nellie a fright,
Her face was all a-river and red,
Though her features were good, and her blueeyes
"What a plain girl is Nellie!" they said.

But now, as by magic, plain Nellie has grown
As fair as an artist's bright dream;
For now her health is restored,
Her cheeks are like peaches and cream.

As Nellie walks out in the fair morning light,
Her beauty attracts every eye,
And as for the people who once had a fright,
"Way, Nellie is handsome!" they cry.

And the reason of the change is that
Nellie took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Dis-
covery, which regulated her liver, cleared
her complexion, made her blood pure, her
breath sweet, her face fair and rosy, and
removed the defects which had obscured her
beauty. Sold by druggists.

If the fuzzy caterpillar would only know
its place and keep it, society would be
much happier.—*Chicago Free Press.*

Are You Going on a Journey
to the country or elsewhere. If so, show
yourself in the best of health. Hostet-
ter's Stomach Bitters, a useful compound
for the tourist, since it serves to relieve the
debilitating effects of heat, fatigue and in-
digestion, and is so easily carried, and in-
finite value in checking a fit of sickness on
the way, where medical aid is difficult or im-
possible to obtain promptly. Constipation,
indigestion, and other ailments of the liver
complaint succumb to the Bitters.

A WESTERN town is proud of a farmer
named Timothy Hay.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 19.

LIVE STOCK—Cattle, \$2.50 @ 4.70
Hogs, 3.50 @ 4.50
FLOUR—Good to Choice, 5.15 @ 5.90
WHEAT—No. 2 Red, 82 @ 84 1/2
No. 3 Spring, 80 @ 82 1/2
RICE—Mixed Western, 38 1/2 @ 37
OATS—No. 2, 25 @ 26
LARD—Steam, 7.05 @ 7.07 1/2
CHEESE—Domestic, 8 1/2 @ 9
WOLLS—Extra, \$4.50 @ 4.60

Chicago, July 19.

Choice, 3.85 @ 4.00
Medium, 3.20 @ 3.50
Butcher's Stock, 1.75 @ 2.15
HOGS—Live—Good to Choice, 5.25 @ 5.60
SHEEP—Live, 1.15 @ 1.30
Good to Choice Dairy, 11 1/2 @ 13
FLOUR—Fresh, 3.90 @ 4.25
Spring, 3.40 @ 4.35
Rye, 4.00 @ 4.20
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2, 80 @ 82
Corn, 38 1/2 @ 37
Oats, 25 @ 26
Barley, No. 2, 45 @ 48

BROOM CORN—3 1/2 @ 5
Carpet and Hurl, 3 @ 5
CROCKED, 3 @ 5
Common Boards, 1.75 @ 2.10
PORK—Mess., 15.50 @ 16.00
LARD—Steam, 7.05 @ 7.07 1/2
CHEESE—Domestic, 8 1/2 @ 9

Common Dressed Siding, 19.00 @ 21.50
Flooring, 12.00 @ 13.00
Common Boards, 1.75 @ 2.10
Peneing, 12.00 @ 13.00
Lath, 2.00 @ 2.40
SHEEDS—EAST LIBERTY.

CATTLE—Best, \$1.24 @ 1.37 1/2
Medium, 4.75 @ 4.87 1/2
HOGS—No. 1, 5.20 @ 5.30
SHEEP—Poor to Choice, 3.00 @ 3.50

COOK'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY
FOR Liver, Bile Indigestion, etc. From the Rectory,
St. Andrew's, London. Sold by all Druggists.
Beware of cheap imitations.

NO MATTER
how you dress your hair.

RELIEF is immediate, and a cure sure.
Pain's Remedy for Catarrh, 50 cents.

AN income tax—the price of admission
to a theater.

OLD smokers prefer "Tanall's Pouch"
to cigars to most 10 centers.

IT hurts like thunder to be struck by
lightning.—*Old City Herald.*

SAVE your wagons, your horses and your
patience by using FRANK A. GROGAN'S

THE horse bee is a regular merchant. It
sells comb for a living.

WHAT part of a fish is like the end of a
hook? The fin.

Waltham PATENT Dust Proof Watches

were originally made for rail-
way men, whose service par-
ticularly required an abso-
lutely tight closing case.

They have given entire
satisfaction, and their reputa-
tion has spread so rapidly,
that they have become the
standard Watches for Millers,
Miners, Lumbermen, Farm-
ers, Mechanics, Engineers,
Travelers and others whose
occupation requires a watch
which is proof against dust
and moisture.

Over 150,000 WALTHAM
PATENT DUST PROOF CASES
are now in actual use.

The WALTHAM were the
first PATENT DUST PROOF
CASES manufactured, and are
the only ones which com-
pletely exclude dust and
moisture from the movement.

They are far superior to
all others claiming equal
advantages.

Each genuine case is
plainly marked with the
name and trade mark of the
AMERICAN WALTHAM WATCH
COMPANY.

FOR SALE BY ALL FIRST CLASS
JEWELERS.

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